

NAME

cvtsudoers - convert between sudoers file formats

SYNOPSIS

```
cvtsudoers [-ehMpV] [-b dn] [-c conf_file] [-d deftypes] [-f output_format] [-i input_format]
[-I increment] [-l log_file] [-m filter] [-o output_file] [-O start_point] [-P padding]
[-s sections] [input_file ...]
```

DESCRIPTION

The **cvtsudoers** utility accepts one or more security policies in either *sudoers* or LDIF format as input, and generates a single policy of the specified format as output. The default input format is *sudoers*. The default output format is LDIF. It is only possible to convert a policy file that is syntactically correct.

If no *input_file* is specified, or if it is '-', the policy is read from the standard input. Input files may be optionally prefixed with a host name followed by a colon (':') to make the policy rules specific to a host when merging multiple files. By default, the result is written to the standard output.

The options are as follows:

-b *dn*, --base=*dn*

The base DN (distinguished name) that will be used when performing LDAP queries. Typically this is of the form "ou=SUDOers,dc=my-domain,dc=com" for the domain my-domain.com. If this option is not specified, the value of the SUDOERS_BASE environment variable will be used instead. Only necessary when converting to LDIF format.

-c *conf_file*, --config=*conf_file*

Specify the path to the configuration file. Defaults to */etc/cvtsudoers.conf*.

-d *deftypes*, --defaults=*deftypes*

Only convert *Defaults* entries of the specified types. One or more *Defaults* types may be specified, separated by a comma (','). The supported types are:

all	All Defaults entries.
global	Global Defaults entries that are applied regardless of user, runas, host, or command.
user	Per-user Defaults entries.

runas Per-runas user Defaults entries.

host Per-host Defaults entries.

command Per-command Defaults entries.

See the **Defaults** section in `sudoers(5)` for more information.

If the **-d** option is not specified, all *Defaults* entries will be converted.

-e, --expand-aliases

Expand aliases in *input_file*. Aliases are preserved by default when the output *format* is JSON or sudoers.

-f output_format, --output-format=output_format

Specify the output format (case-insensitive). The following formats are supported:

CSV CSV (comma-separated value) files are often used by spreadsheets and report generators. See *CSV output format* for more details.

JSON JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) files are usually easier for third-party applications to consume than the traditional *sudoers* format. The various values have explicit types which removes much of the ambiguity of the *sudoers* format. See *JSON output format* for more details.

LDIF LDIF (LDAP Data Interchange Format) files can be imported into an LDAP server for use with `sudoers.ldap(5)`.

Conversion to LDIF has the following limitations:

- ⊕ Command, host, runas, and user-specific Defaults lines cannot be translated as they don't have an equivalent in the sudoers LDAP schema.
- ⊕ Command, host, runas, and user aliases are not supported by the sudoers LDAP schema so they are expanded during the conversion.

sudoers Traditional sudoers format. A new sudoers file will be reconstructed from the parsed input file. Comments are not preserved and data from any include files will be output inline.

--group-file=*file*

When the **-M** option is also specified, perform group queries using *file* instead of the system group database.

-h, --help Display a short help message to the standard output and exit.

-i *input_format*, --input-format=*input_format*

Specify the input format. The following formats are supported:

LDIF LDIF (LDAP Data Interchange Format) files can be exported from an LDAP server to convert security policies used by sudoers.ldap(5). If a base DN (distinguished name) is specified, only sudoRole objects that match the base DN will be processed. Not all sudoOptions specified in a sudoRole can be translated from LDIF to sudoers format.

sudoers Traditional sudoers format. This is the default input format.

-I *increment*, --increment=*increment*

When generating LDIF output, increment each sudoOrder attribute by the specified number. Defaults to an increment of 1.

-l *log_file*, --logfile=*log_file*

Log conversion warnings to *log_file* instead of to the standard error. This is particularly useful when merging multiple *sudoers* files, which can generate a large number of warnings.

-m *filter*, --match=*filter*

Only output rules that match the specified *filter*. A *filter* expression is made up of one or more **key** = *value* pairs, separated by a comma (','),. The **key** may be "cmdnd" (or "cmd"), "host", "group", or "user". For example, **user** = *operator* or **host** = *www*. An upper-case *Cmnd_Alias*, *Host_alias*, or *User_Alias* may be specified as the "cmdnd", "host", or "user".

A matching *sudoers* rule may also include users, groups, and hosts that are not part of the *filter*. This can happen when a rule includes multiple users, groups, or hosts. To prune out any non-matching user, group, or host from the rules, the **-p** option may be used.

By default, the password and group databases are not consulted when matching against the filter so the users and groups do not need to be present on the local system (see the **-M** option). Only aliases that are referenced by the filtered policy rules will be displayed.

-M, --match-local

When the **-m** option is also specified, use password and group database information when matching users and groups in the filter. Only users and groups in the filter that exist on the local system will match, and a user's groups will automatically be added to the filter. If the **-M** is *not* specified, users and groups in the filter do not need to exist on the local system, but all groups used for matching must be explicitly listed in the filter.

-o output_file, --output=output_file

Write the converted output to *output_file*. If no *output_file* is specified, or if it is '-', the converted *sudoers* policy will be written to the standard output.

-O start_point, --order-start=start_point

When generating LDIF output, use the number specified by *start_point* in the `sudoOrder` attribute of the first `sudoRole` object. Subsequent `sudoRole` object use a `sudoOrder` value generated by adding an *increment*, see the **-I** option for details. Defaults to a starting point of 1. A starting point of 0 will disable the generation of `sudoOrder` attributes in the resulting LDIF file.

--passwd-file=file

When the **-M** option is also specified, perform `passwd` queries using *file* instead of the system `passwd` database.

-p, --prune-matches

When the **-m** option is also specified, **cvtsudoers** will prune out non-matching users, groups, and hosts from matching entries.

-P padding, --padding=padding

When generating LDIF output, construct the initial `sudoOrder` value by concatenating *order_start* and *increment*, padding the *increment* with zeros until it consists of *padding* digits. For example, if *order_start* is 1027, *padding* is 3, and *increment* is 1, the value of `sudoOrder` for the first entry will be 1027000, followed by 1027001, 1027002, etc. If the number of `sudoRole` entries is larger than the padding would allow, **cvtsudoers** will exit with an error. By default, no padding is performed.

-s sections, --suppress=sections

Suppress the output of specific *sections* of the security policy. One or more section names may be specified, separated by a comma (','). The supported section name are: **defaults**, **aliases** and **privileges** (which may be shortened to **privs**).

-V, --version

Print the **cvtsudoers** and *sudoers* grammar versions and exit.

Merging multiple files

When multiple input files are specified, **cvtsudoers** will attempt to merge them into a single policy file. It is assumed that user and group names are consistent among the policy files to be merged. For example, user "bob" on one host is the same as user "bob" on another host.

When merging policy files, it is possible to prefix the input file name with a host name, separated by a colon (':'). When the files are merged, the host name will be used to restrict the policy rules to that specific host where possible.

The merging process is performed as follows:

- Each input file is parsed into internal sudoers data structures.
- Aliases are merged and renamed as necessary to avoid conflicts. In the event of a conflict, the first alias found is left as-is and subsequent aliases of the same name are renamed with a numeric suffix separated with an underscore ('_'). For example, if there are two different aliases named `SERVERS`, the first will be left as-is and the second will be renamed `SERVERS_1`. References to the renamed alias are also updated in the policy file. Duplicate aliases (those with identical contents) are pruned.
- Defaults settings are merged and duplicates are removed. If there are conflicts in the Defaults settings, a warning is emitted for each conflict. If a host name is specified with the input file, **cvtsudoers** will change the global Defaults settings in that file to be host-specific. A warning is emitted for command, user, or runas-specific Defaults settings which cannot be made host-specific.
- Per-user rules are merged and duplicates are removed. If a host name is specified with the input file, **cvtsudoers** will change rules that specify a host name of **ALL** to the host name associated with the policy file being merged. The merging of rules is currently fairly simplistic but will be improved in a later release.

It is possible to merge policy files with differing formats.

The **cvtsudoers.conf** file

Options in the form "keyword = value" may also be specified in a configuration file, */etc/cvtsudoers.conf* by default. The following keywords are recognized:

defaults = *deftypes*

See the description of the **-d** command line option.

expand_aliases = *yes* | *no*

See the description of the **-e** command line option.

group_file = *file*

See the description of the **--group-file** command line option.

input_format = *ldif* | *sudoers*

See the description of the **-i** command line option.

match = *filter*

See the description of the **-m** command line option.

match_local = *yes* | *no*

See the description of the **-M** command line option.

order_increment = *increment*

See the description of the **-I** command line option.

order_start = *start_point*

See the description of the **-O** command line option.

output_format = *csv* | *json* | *ldif* | *sudoers*

See the description of the **-f** command line option.

padding = *padding*

See the description of the **-P** command line option.

passwd_file = *file*

See the description of the **--passwd-file** command line option.

prune_matches = *yes* | *no*

See the description of the **-p** command line option.

sudoers_base = *dn*

See the description of the **-b** command line option.

suppress = *sections*

See the description of the **-s** command line option.

Options on the command line will override values from the configuration file.

JSON output format

The *sudoers* JSON format may contain any of the following top-level objects:

Defaults

An array of objects, each containing an *Options* array and an optional *Binding* array.

The *Options* array consists of one or more objects, each containing a "name:value" pair that corresponds to a *sudoers Defaults* setting. *Options* that operate on a list will also include an *operation* entry in the object, with a value of "list_assign" for '=', "list_add" for '+=' , or "list_remove" for '-='.

The optional *Binding* array consists of one or more objects, each containing a "name:value" pair and an optional *negated* entry, which will negate any comparison performed with the object. If a *Binding* is present, the setting will only take effect if one of the specified *command*, *hostname*, *netgroup*, *networkaddr*, *nonunixgid*, *nonunixgroup*, *userid*, *usergroup*, *username*, or *alias* entries match.

For example, the following *sudoers* entry:

```
Defaults@somehost set_home, env_keep += DISPLAY
```

converts to:

```
"Defaults": [
  {
    "Binding": [
      { "hostname": "somehost" }
    ],
    "Options": [
      { "set_home": true },
      {
        "operation": "list_add",
        "env_keep": [
          "DISPLAY"
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
]
```

User_Aliases

A JSON object containing one or more *sudoers* *User_Alias* entries where each named alias has as its value an array containing one or more objects. Each object contains a "name:value" pair and an optional *negated* entry, which will negate any comparison performed with the object. The name may be one of *netgroup*, *nonunixgid*, *nonunixgroup*, *useralias*, *usergid*, *usergroup*, *userid*, or *username*.

For example, the following *sudoers* entry:

```
User_Alias SYSADMIN = will, %wheel, +admin
```

converts to:

```
"User_Aliases": {
  "SYSADMIN": [
    { "username": "will" },
    { "usergroup": "wheel" },
    { "netgroup": "admin" }
  ]
}
```

Runas_Aliases

A JSON object containing one or more *sudoers* *Runas_Alias* entries, where each named alias has as its value an array containing one or more objects. Each object contains a "name:value" pair and an optional *negated* entry, which will negate any comparison performed with the object. The name may be one of *netgroup*, *nonunixgid*, *nonunixgroup*, *runasalias*, *usergid*, *usergroup*, *userid*, or *username*.

For example, the following *sudoers* entry:

```
Runas_Alias DB = oracle, sybase : OP = root, operator
```

converts to:

```
"Runas_Aliases": {
  "DB": [
    { "username": "oracle" },
    { "username": "sybase" }
  ],
  "OP": [
```



```

    { "username": "root" },
    { "username": "operator" }
  ]
}
```

Host_Aliases

A JSON object containing one or more *sudoers* *Host_Alias* entries where each named alias has as its value an array containing one or more objects. Each object contains a "name:value" pair and an optional *negated* entry, which will negate any comparison performed with the object. The name may be one of *hostalias*, *hostname*, *netgroup*, or *networkaddr*.

For example, the following *sudoers* entries:

```
Host_Alias DORMNET = 128.138.243.0, 128.138.204.0/24
```

```
Host_Alias SERVERS = boulder, refuge
```

convert to:

```

"Host_Aliases": {
  "DORMNET": [
    { "networkaddr": "128.138.243.0" },
    { "networkaddr": "128.138.204.0/24" }
  ],
  "SERVERS": [
    { "hostname": "boulder" },
    { "hostname": "refuge" }
  ]
}
```

Cmnd_Aliases

A JSON object containing one or more *sudoers* *Cmnd_Alias* entries where each named alias has as its value an array containing one or more objects. Each object contains a "name:value" pair and an optional *negated* entry, which will negate any comparison performed with the object. The name may be either another *cmndalias* or a *command*. For example, the following *sudoers* entries:

```
Cmnd_Alias SHELLS = /bin/bash, /bin/csh, /bin/sh, /bin/zsh
```

```
Cmnd_Alias VIPW = /usr/bin/chpass, /usr/bin/chfn, /usr/bin/chsh, \
                /usr/bin/passwd, /usr/sbin/vigr, /usr/sbin/vipw
```

convert to:

```

"Cmnd_Aliases": {
  "SHELLS": [
    { "command": "/bin/bash" },
    { "command": "/bin/csh" },
    { "command": "/bin/sh" },
    { "command": "/bin/zsh" }
  ],
  "VIPW": [
    { "command": "/usr/bin/chpass" },
    { "command": "/usr/bin/chfn" },
    { "command": "/usr/bin/chsh" },
    { "command": "/usr/bin/passwd" },
    { "command": "/usr/sbin/vigr" },
    { "command": "/usr/sbin/vipw" }
  ]
}

```

User_Specs

A JSON array containing one or more objects, each representing a *sudoers* *User_Spec*. Each object in the *User_Specs* array should contain a *User_List* array, a *Host_List* array and a *Cmnd_Specs* array.

A *User_List* consists of one or more objects. Each object contains a "name:value" pair and an optional *negated* entry, which will negate any comparison performed with the object. The name may be one of *netgroup*, *nonunixgid*, *nonunixgroup*, *useralias*, *usergid*, *usergroup*, *userid*, or *username*. If *username* is set to the special value **ALL**, it will match any user.

A *Host_List* consists of one or more objects. Each object contains a "name:value" pair and an optional *negated* entry, which will negate any comparison performed with the object. The name may be one of *hostalias*, *hostname*, *netgroup*, or *networkaddr*. If *hostname* is set to the special value **ALL**, it will match any host.

The *Cmnd_Specs* array consists of one or more JSON objects describing a command that may be run. Each *Cmnd_Specs* is made up of a *Commands* array, an optional *runasusers* array, an optional *runasgroups* array, and an optional *Options* array.

The *Commands* array consists of one or more objects containing "name:value" pair elements. The following names and values are supported:

command A string containing the command to run. The special value **ALL** it will match any

command.

negated A boolean value that, if true, will negate any comparison performed with the object.

sha224 A string containing the SHA224 digest of the *command*.

sha256 A string containing the SHA256 digest of the *command*.

sha384 A string containing the SHA384 digest of the *command*.

sha512 A string containing the SHA512 digest of the *command*.

The *runasusers* array consists of objects describing users the command may be run as. Each object contains a "name:value" pair and an optional *negated* entry, which will negate any comparison performed with the object. The name may be one of *netgroup*, *nonunixgid*, *nonunixgroup*, *runasalias*, *usergid*, *usergroup*, *userid*, or *username*. If *username* is set to the special value **ALL**, it will match any user. If *username* is set to the empty string "", it will match the invoking user.

The *runasgroups* array consists of objects describing groups the command may be run as. Each object contains a "name:value" pair and an optional *negated* entry, which will negate any comparison performed with the object. The name may be one of *runasalias*, *usergid*, or *usergroup*. If *usergroup* is set to the special value **ALL**, it will match any group.

The *Options* array is of the same format as the one in the *Defaults* object. Any *Tag_Spec* entries in *sudoers* are converted to *Options*. A user with "sudo ALL" privileges will automatically have the *setenv* option enabled to match the implicit behavior provided by *sudoers*.

For example, the following *sudoers* entry:

```
millert ALL = (ALL : ALL) NOPASSWD: ALL, !/usr/bin/id
```

converts to:

```
"User_Specs": [
  {
    "User_List": [
      { "username": "millert" }
    ],
    "Host_List": [
```

```

    { "hostname": "ALL" }
  ],
  "Cmnd_Specs": [
    {
      "runasusers": [
        { "username": "ALL" }
      ],
      "runasgroups": [
        { "usergroup": "ALL" }
      ],
      "Options": [
        { "authenticate": false },
        { "setenv": true }
      ],
      "Commands": [
        { "command": "ALL" },
        {
          "command": "/usr/bin/id",
          "negated": true
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
]

```

CSV output format

CSV (comma-separated value) files are often used by spreadsheets and report generators. For CSV output, **cvtsudoers** double quotes strings that contain commas. For each literal double quote character present inside the string, two double quotes are output. This method of quoting commas is compatible with most spreadsheet programs.

There are three possible sections in **cvtsudoers**'s CSV output, each separated by a blank line:

defaults

This section includes any *Defaults* settings in *sudoers*. The *defaults* section begins with the following heading:

```
defaults_type,binding,name,operator,value
```

The fields are as follows:

defaults_type

The type of *Defaults* setting; one of *defaults*, *defaults_command*, *defaults_host*, *defaults_runas*, or *defaults_user*.

binding For *defaults_command*, *defaults_host*, *defaults_runas*, and *defaults_user* this is the value that must match for the setting to be applied.

name The name of the *Defaults* setting.

operator The operator determines how the value is applied to the setting. It may be either '=' (assignment), '+=' (append), or '-=' (remove).

value The setting's value, usually a string or, for settings used in a boolean context, *true* or *false*.

aliases

This section includes any *Cmnd_Alias*, *Host_Alias*, *Runas_Alias*, or *User_Alias*, entries from *sudoers*. The *aliases* section begins with the following heading:

```
alias_type,alias_name,members
```

The fields are as follows:

alias_type

The type of alias; one of *Cmnd_Alias*, *Host_Alias*, *Runas_Alias*, or *User_Alias*.

alias_name

The name of the alias; a string starting with an upper-case letter that consists of upper-case letters, digits, or underscores.

members A comma-separated list of members belonging to the alias. Due to the use of commas, *members* is surrounded by double quotes if it contains more than one member.

rules This section includes the *sudoers* rules that grant privileges. The *rules* section begins with the following heading:

```
rule,user,host,runusers,rungroups,options,command
```

The fields are as follows:

- rule** This field indicates a *sudoers rule* entry.
- user** The user the rule applies to. This may also be a Unix group (preceded by a ‘%’ character), a non-Unix group (preceded by ‘%:’) or a netgroup (preceded by a ‘+’ character) or a *User_Alias*. If set to the special value **ALL**, it will match any user.
- host** The host the rule applies to. This may also be a netgroup (preceded by a ‘+’ character) or a *Host_Alias*. If set to the special value **ALL**, it will match any host.
- runusers** An optional comma-separated list of users (or *Runas_Aliases*) the command may be run as. If it contains more than one member, the value is surrounded by double quotes. If set to the special value **ALL**, it will match any user. If empty, the root user is assumed.
- rungroups** An optional comma-separated list of groups (or *Runas_Aliases*) the command may be run as. If it contains more than one member, the value is surrounded by double quotes. If set to the special value **ALL**, it will match any group. If empty, the *runuser*’s group is used.
- options** An optional list of *Defaults* settings to apply to the command. Any *Tag_Spec* entries in *sudoers* are converted to *options*.
- commands** A list of commands, with optional arguments, that the user is allowed to run. If set to the special value **ALL**, it will match any command.

For example, the following *sudoers* entry:

```
millert ALL = (ALL : ALL) NOPASSWD: ALL, !/usr/bin/id
```

converts to:

```
rule,millert,ALL,ALL,ALL,"!authenticate","ALL,!/usr/bin/id"
```

FILES

/etc/cvtsudoers.conf default configuration for cvtsudoers

EXAMPLES

Convert */etc/sudoers* to LDIF (LDAP Data Interchange Format) where the *ldap.conf* file uses a *sudoers_base* of *my-domain,dc=com*, storing the result in *sudoers.ldif*:

```
$ cvtsudoers -b ou=SUDOers,dc=my-domain,dc=com -o sudoers.ldif \  
    /etc/sudoers
```

Convert */etc/sudoers* to JSON format, storing the result in *sudoers.json*:

```
$ cvtsudoers -f json -o sudoers.json /etc/sudoers
```

Parse */etc/sudoers* and display only rules that match user *ambrose* on host *hastur*:

```
$ cvtsudoers -f sudoers -m user=ambrose,host=hastur /etc/sudoers
```

Same as above, but expand aliases and prune out any non-matching users and hosts from the expanded entries.

```
$ cvtsudoers -ep -f sudoers -m user=ambrose,host=hastur /etc/sudoers
```

Convert *sudoers.ldif* from LDIF to traditional *sudoers* format:

```
$ cvtsudoers -i ldif -f sudoers -o sudoers.new sudoers.ldif
```

Merge a global *sudoers* file with two host-specific policy files from the hosts "xyzy" and "plugh":

```
$ cvtsudoers -f sudoers -o sudoers.merged sudoers \  
    xyzy:sudoers.xyzy plugh:sudoers.plugh
```

SEE ALSO

sudoers(5), *sudoers.ldap*(5), *sudo*(8)

AUTHORS

Many people have worked on **sudo** over the years; this version consists of code written primarily by:

Todd C. Miller

See the CONTRIBUTORS.md file in the **sudo** distribution (<https://www.sudo.ws/about/contributors/>) for an exhaustive list of people who have contributed to **sudo**.

BUGS

If you believe you have found a bug in **cvtsudoers**, you can submit a bug report at <https://bugzilla.sudo.ws/>

SUPPORT

Limited free support is available via the sudo-users mailing list, see <https://www.sudo.ws/mailman/listinfo/sudo-users> to subscribe or search the archives.

DISCLAIMER

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